

Business Modelling and Development EIT Digital Doctoral School, Budapest

Fall Semester, 2015/2016 academic year

Course leader and lecturer	Prof. Peter Dobay dobay@ktk.pte.hu
Department	University of Pécs, Faculty of Business, Department of Business Information Systems
Office hours	ask for appointment
Course type	PhD core course
Contact hours	2+2 at every other week
Time, room	EIT ICT Labs CLC Budapest
Web source	see later

Course Rationale

This course is part of the I&E Doctoral Program. The preceding “Opportunity Recognition” component (a one-week intensive study experience) – and probably a Raising I&E Awareness introductory course - have both preset attitude and basic techniques of an entrepreneurial view to students making clear the difference between research and a small business. While participants of the Opportunity Recognition component are engaged in the early stage of new venture process (idea generation for a feasible business, product or service connected to their discipline, financing and marketing the would-be venture, etc.) this BMD course goes forward with more steps: building working models around your idea. The Business Modelling and Development component is delivered along a normal 8-15 weeks long semester program. The basic role is to commercialize potential business ideas and to turn an idea into real business. Participants have to recognize differences between market-driven and technology-push - based business ideas and should go on a step-by-step development process to finalize the course with a detailed and well-documented Business Plan.

Course Objectives

The course content and hands-on practicum sessions should serve detailed understanding of a small business structure, role of resources, market analysis, pricing, supply chain and financing. This complex is frequently called a “business model” – which, either existing explicitly or not, makes a basic difference between a product idea and a marketable product (or service). Every business is working on a business model – the way it generates revenue and profit for owners could be described as a “model” – however categorization and explanation of success or failure is rather complicated and can’t be easily described or quantified.

Doctoral students normally work on their ICT-related research topic, collecting information on broader sense and doing research in narrow details of a specific problem – these are doctoral studies about. The objective of the BMD course is to open another view presenting entry barriers of a market and practicing techniques to start and develop a realistic business model.

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge and Skills

The course should transfer students powerful and practical business model-development techniques, enhancing their planning and managerial skills, giving basic entrepreneurial competences to design and operate a small firm, either brand new or a “renovated” old one. Students will have expertise to observe and learn from company business stories, cases - either with success or even with a failure.

Student teams will have some simple or more complex planning documents by the end of the course (an elevator pitch, a OnePager, a Business Case, a segmented Business Plan, etc.) ready for support presentation for different audiences (to family, to partners, to investors, etc.).

After the Business Modelling and Development component, candidates will

- have the ability to discover innovation potential of their research to such a point that it can be considered a feasible business with a marketable product;
- be able to create a strategy and a complex **business plan** for a new venture in their discipline;
- be able to evaluate the business opportunities in the field of ICT high-tech products and services, including legal and regulatory issues in their discipline;
- be able to evaluate market potential for a new venture, service or product;
- have an understanding of related business functions within a company;
- be able to understand role and value of intangible (knowledge) assets in a firm;
- learn value and management of intellectual property, including legal issues;
- be able to create and maintain brand(s) and manage brand(s);
- have stronger skills in organizing team work;
- have stronger presentation skills to disseminate their ideas on a new venture or about a business concept; and will
- be able to negotiate about resources (like funding) with potential investors and partners.

Teaching method

A blended teaching method is applied. Short lectures, case discussions and hands-on practical work will be mixed to have a realistic atmosphere of business planning.

Students will work with a realistic business idea in **small groups** and learn to refine the idea to such a point that it can be seriously considered as a basis for creating a business. Practical assignments have to be worked out individually and also in teamwork from week to week. The result of this process will be documented in a **detailed Business Plan** covering the elements of a marketable business model.

The course starts with some basic lectures and case discussions (see Scheduling). After these classes student teams will start to develop a business model for a high-tech small business. The basic business idea has to be relevant to students' former research results. Idea generation is followed by a simple but structured process used at many trainings worldwide (“Business Model Canvas”). Customer, market, operations and financing issues are discussed and planned step by step. At mid of the semester a simple “elevator pitch” (OnePager) presentation is evaluated in class. By the closing all teams should have a formal Business Plan and a textual Business Case ready for public presentation.

Assessment scheme

Attendance at lecture time and practical classwork sessions is a controlled requirement. Students are responsible to study distributed materials before class to be able to participate actively in discussions. Not attending more than 30% of sessions will have an AF (Administrative Fail) marking.

The assessment scheme is the following:

10% goes for active, relevant, critical participation in discussions, during case presentations (based on “bonus cards” given by the tutor)

10% goes for an individual report on a short, relevant (business + ICT) research article

10% goes for the Elevator Pitch document and first business presentation of the team (self-distributed marking, due by the 3rd session)

30% goes for the mid-term Business Case document and presentation (self-distributed marking, due by the 6th session)

40% goes for the Business Model Canvas + a simple Business Plan documentation (self-distributed marking, due by the final presentation, last session)

Grading scale: 0-50% Fail; 51-65% Pass; 66-75% Satisfactory; 76-85% Good; more: Excellent

Scheduling

Sessions will have a week classroom work and a week personal-team activities as follows.

For classroom sessions two (90+90 mins) modules are planned:

A/ “Lecture time” which includes presentation and case discussion

B/ “Practicum time” which includes hands-on individual and team-work

with tutoring assistance, also team presentations and visitors are scheduled for this time window.

Week	Topics	Session content and assignments
1 / 2 10 th Sept	A/ Introduction to Business Modelling. B/ Develop an initial Canvas	Business organization and business processes. Research and entrepreneurship. The ICT industry and market. Course scheduling and requirements, teaching and learning methods to follow. Team formation. Initial Canvas building.
3 / 4 24 th Sept	A/ The business environment B/ Market analysis, customers, channels and revenues	Basic business models. ICT impact on business. Competition, cooperation and co-ompetition. Customer segments Canvas building: market competition, customer insights, value proposition, key resources, activities, channels

5 / 6 8 th Oct	A/ Business models, patterns B/ Document initial business idea and revenue model	Unbundled Pattern (Osterwalder). The Long Tail idea. Multisided Patterns. Open business models. Customer value. Canvas building: Value proposition, initial model; product marketability, storytelling. The Elevator Pitch (OnePager) document. Visitor presentation.
7 / 8 22 nd Oct	A/ Product development B/ Midterm team presentations: the business model	Customer relationships. Channels to deliver value to customers. Naming and pricing your product / service. Developing a brand. IPR problems in ICT. Teams hand over their initial documentation and have a live presentation to class and visitors. Q &A session.
9 / 10 5 th Nov	A/ Financing a startup B/ Financial planning	Key resources. Phases of development. Financing models. Revenue streams. Financing success (growth) and failure. Canvas building: Cost structure. Return on investment. Pre-money phase financing solutions. Business Plan: cash-flow analysis, break-even point. Visitor presentation.
11/12 19 th Nov	A/ Strategy building B/ Organizational and human planning	Vision, mission, strategy and policy. Organization and human capital management. Knowledge management of an ICT startup. Blue Ocean strategy. Canvas building: Key (human) resources. Partnerships. Growth strategies: regional and foreign markets.
13/14 3 rd Dec	A/ Success and failure: valuing your company B/ “Dragons’ Den” final team presentations: Business Plan	Market-readiness: complex evaluation of a firm. Inside and outside evaluation: SWOT, PEST, Balanced Scorecard in ICT. A Business Case and the Business Plan: different presentation solutions. Models of growth. Teams hand over their final BMD “canvas” documentation, the Business Plan with quantitative data. Live presentation to class and visitors: product, market, financing, strategy. Q &A session.

Basic reference material:

Osterwalder, Y. Pigneur: Business Model Generation, *Wiley*, 2010

Further references, cases and other materials will be distributed in time.